

माझगांव डॉक शिपबिल्डर्स लिमिटेड (पूर्वतः माझगांव डॉक लिमिटेड) (भारत सरकार का एक उपक्रम) Mazagon Dock Shipbuilders Limited (Formerly known as Mazagon Dock Limited) (A Govt. of India Undertaking) CIN: U35100MH1934GOI002079

19 Jan '16

# FOR KEEPING THE COMPLAINANT'S IDENTITY SECRET – PROVISION FOR FILING COMPLAINT UNDER GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S RESOLUTION ON 'PUBLIC INTEREST DISCLOSURE AND PROTECTION OF INFORMER, 2004' (PIDPI)

If a complainant, while exposing a case of corruption, wants his/her identity to be kept secret, he/she should lodge the complaint under **Public Interest Disclosure and Protection of Informers Resolution (PIDPIR)** – popularly also known as 'Whistle-Blower Provision/Resolution'. The Central Vigilance Commission (CVC), through the Office-concerned's/PSU-concerned's administrative Ministry/Department/Organisation's Chief Vigilance Officer (CVO), is mandated not only to maintain the secrecy of the complainant's identity, but also provide protection to the complainant against any physical threat, harassment or victimization.

### **Background**

The Central Government, while implementing directives of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Satyendra Dubey Murder case, appointed the CVC as the "Designated Agency" for the purpose of receiving & handling complaints from "Whistle Blowers" and recommend appropriate action, through the Government of India's Resolution No. 89 published in the Gazette of India Part I-Section 1, Extraordinary dated 21 Apr '04, to be read with the corrigendum dated 29 Apr '04.

This Resolution was later amended on 14 Aug '13 through the Government of India's Resolution No. 190 published in the Gazette of India Part I-Section 1, Extraordinary dated 29 Aug '13 whereby the Chief Vigilance Officers (CVO) of the Ministries or Departments of the Government of India were also authorised as the "Designated Authority" to receive written complaint or disclosure on any allegation of corruption or misuse of office by any employee of that Ministry or Department or of any corporation established by or under any Central Act, Government companies, societies or local authorities owned or controlled by the Central Government and falling under the jurisdiction of that Ministry or the Department. The CVC shall supervise and monitor the complaints received by the Designated Authority.

According to the resolution, the Commission has been entrusted with the responsibility of keeping the identity of the complainant lodging the complaint under PIDPI Resolution secret, to provide protection to whistle blowers from victimization and the power to take action against complainants making motivated or vexatious complaints. While the CVC Act, 2003 defines the jurisdiction of the Commission for vigilance administration mainly to Group 'A' officers and such level of officers as notified by the Central Government, there is no such restriction on the Commission in the Government of India 'Public Interest Disclosure and Protection of Informers Resolution, 2004'.

### **Salient Features of PIDPI Resolution**

- The jurisdiction of CVC, in case of PIDPI complaints, covers all employees of the Central Government or of any corporation established by or under any Central Act, government companies, societies or local authorities owned or controlled by the Central Government. Personnel employed by the State Governments and activities of the State Governments or its Corporations, etc. will not come under the purview of CVC for this purpose.
- > To ensure that the complainant's identity is kept secret, the following must be ensured by the complainant:-
  - I. A complaint under "Public Interest Disclosure and Protection of Informer" Resolution can be made only by post.
  - II. The written complaint for disclosure on any allegation of corruption or misuse of office complaint should be in a closed/secured envelope. The envelope should be super scribed "Complaint under The Public Interest Disclosure" OR "PIDPI" OR "Whistle Blower". If the envelope is not super scribed and closed, it will not be possible to protect the complainant under the above Resolution and the complaint will be processed as per the Complaint Handling Policy applicable to normal complaints.
  - III. The envelope should be addressed to Chief Vigilance Officer (CVO), Department of Defence Production, Ministry of Defence, B-Wing, Sena Bhawan, New Delhi – 110011.
  - IV. The complainant should refrain from giving his/her name & address in the body of the letter. These personal details (name & address) should be separately given on an attached paper or given at the top/beginning or end of the letter so that they can be easily blocked out.
  - V. The disclosure or complaint shall contain as full particulars as possible and shall be accompanied by supporting documents or other materials. The text of the complaint should be carefully drafted so as not to give any details or clue as to the complainant's identity. However, the details of the complaint should be specific and verifiable.
  - VI. Anonymous / pseudonymous complaints found in such envelopes shall not be entertained for further processing. The Designated Authority will ascertain from the complainant whether he/she was the person who made the complaint or not; if the complaint is found to be anonymous/pseudonymous, it shall not take any action in the matter.
  - VII. In order to protect identity of the person, the Designated Authority will not issue any acknowledgement and the whistle-blowers are advised not to enter into any further correspondence with the Commission in their own interests.
  - VIII. The CVC assures that, subject to the facts of the case being verifiable, it will take the necessary action, as provided under the Government of India Resolution mentioned above. If any further clarification is required, the Commission/Designated Authority will get in touch with the complainant.
- > The identity of the complainant will not be revealed unless the complainant himself/herself has made either the details of the complaint public or disclosed his identity to any other office or authority.
- ➢ While calling for further report/investigation, the Commission/Designated Authority shall not disclose the identity of the informant and shall also request the Head of the Organisation concerned to keep the identity of the informant a secret, if for any reason the identity is revealed.

- In the event of the identity of the informant being disclosed in spite of the Commission's directions to the contrary, the Commission is authorized to initiate appropriate action in accordance with the extant regulations against the person or agency making such a disclosure.
- > The CVO of the administrative Ministry/Department/Organisation shall ensure that no punitive action is taken by any concerned Administrative authority against any person on perceived reasons/suspicion of being "whistle blower."
- ➢ Wherever the complainant alleges victimization/harassment, the Designated Authority shall ensure that if the identity of the complainant somehow becomes known he/she should not be harassed/victimised by way of frequent transfers, etc.
- > The Commission shall be authorized to call upon the CBI or the police authorities, as considered necessary, to render all assistance to complete the investigation pursuant to the complaint received.
- If any person is aggrieved by any action on the ground that he/she is being victimized due to the fact that he/she had filed a complaint or disclosure, he/she may file an application before the Commission seeking redressal in the matter, wherein the Commission may give suitable directions to the person or the authority concerned. Commission would then intervene suitably to protect the complainant.
- Either on the application of the complainant, or on the basis of the information gathered, if the Commission/Designated Authority is of the opinion that either the complainant or the witnesses need protection, the Designated Authority shall take up the matter with the Central Vigilance Commission for issuing appropriate directions to the Government authorities concerned.
- The Commission shall be at liberty to take appropriate action against complainants found to be making motivated/vexatious complaints, under this Resolution.
- The Commission shall not entertain or inquire into any disclosure in respect of which a formal and public inquiry has been ordered under the Public Servants Inquiries Act, 1850 or a matter that has been referred for inquiry under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1952.
- > This provision shall be in place till Parliament passes a law on the subject.

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नई दिल्ली, जुधवार, अप्रैल 21, 2004/वैशाख 1, 1926 NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 2004/VAISHAKHA 1, 1926

> कार्मिक, लोक-शिकायत तथा पेंशन मंत्रालय (कार्मिक और प्रशिक्षण विभाग)

> > HART CALLER THE

, नई दिल्ली, 21 अप्रैल, 2004

सं.-371/12/2002-ए.वी.डी.-III.—जबकि सर्वोच्च न्यायालय ने श्री सत्येन्द्र दुबे की हत्या के संबंध में रिट याचिका (सी.) संख्या-539/2003 की सुनवाई करते समय यह इच्छा व्यक्त की कि उपयुक्त विधान के बनाए जाने तक" पर्दाफाशों या भण्डाफीड़ों (विसल ब्लोअर्स)'' से प्राप्त शिकायतों पर कार्रवाई किए जाने के लिए उपयुक्त तंत्र व्यवस्था तैयार की जाए। जुनक स्वर्ध के क्रिक्त क्रिक्त

और जबकि विधि आयोग द्वारा तैयार किए गए लोकहित प्रकटीकरण और मुखबिर संरक्षण विधेयक, 2002 की जांच-पड़ताल चल रही है।

अतः अन, केन्द्र सरकार एतद्वारा निम्नलिखित संकल्प लेती है :--

1. केन्द्रीय सतर्कता आयोग को केन्द्रीय सरकार अथवा किसी केन्द्रीय अधिनियम के द्वारा अथवा इसके अंतर्गत स्थापित किन्हीं निगमों, केन्द्र सरकार के स्वामित्व वाली अथवा इसके द्वारा नियंत्रित सरकारी कम्पनियों, सोसाइटियों अथवा स्थानीय प्राधिकरणों के किसी कर्मचारी पर भ्रष्टाचार के किसी आरोप अथवा पद के दुरुपयोग के सम्बन्ध में लिखित शिकायतें प्राप्त करने अथवा प्रकटीकरण सम्बन्धी दस्तावेज प्राप्त करने के लिए एतद्वारा मनोनीत अभिकरण के रूप में प्राधिकृत किया जाता है। प्रकटीकरण अथवा शिकायत में युधानंभव सभी विवरण होंगे और इसमें समर्थक दस्तावेज अथवा अन्य सामग्री शामिल होगी।

 मनोनीत अभिकरण यदि ऐसा उचित समझे तो वह प्रकटीकरण करने वाले व्यक्तियों से और जानकारी अथवा विवरण मंगवा सकता है। यदि शिकायत बेनामी है तो मनोनीत अभिकरण इस मामले में कोई कार्रवाई नहीं करेगा।

3. शासकीय गुप्त अधिनियम, 1923 में विहित किसी बात के बावजूद भी संविधान के अनुच्छेद 33 के खण्ड (क) से (घ) में संदर्भित व्यक्तियों से भिन्न कोई लोक सेवक अथवा किसी गैर-सरकारी संगठन सहित कोई अन्य व्यक्ति मनोनीत अभिकरण को लिखित प्रकटीकरण भेज सकता है।

4. यदि शिकायत में शिकायतकर्त्ता का ब्यौरा भी दिया गया है तो मनोनीत अभिकरण निम्नलिखित कदम डठाएगा :---

(i) मनोनीत अभिकरण शिकायतकर्ता से यह पता लग्राएगा कि क्या यह वही व्यक्ति है अथवा नहीं है जिसने शिकायत की है।

(ii) शिकायतकर्त्ता की पहचान उद्घाटित नहीं की जाएगी जब तक कि शिकायतकर्ता ने स्वयं शिकायत का ब्यौरा सार्वजनिक न कर दिया हो अथवा किसी अन्य कार्यालय अथवा प्राधिकारी को अपनी पहचान नहीं बता दो हो।

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# THE GAZETTE OF INDIA: EXTRAORDINARY

शिकायतकर्त्ता की पहचान गुप्त रखने के पश्चात् मनोनीत अभिकरण प्रथमतः यह पता लगाने के लिए विवेकपूर्ण जांच-पड़ताल (iii) करेगा कि क्या इस शिकायत पर आगे कार्रवाई करने का कोई आधार बनता है। इस प्रयोजन हेतु मनोचीत अभिकरण एक समुचित तंत्र बनाएगा।

्य शिकायत की विवेकपूर्ण जांच-पड़ताल करने के परिणामस्वरूप अथवा बिना जांच-पड़ताल के केवल शिकायत के आधार पर (iv) ही यदि मनोनीत अभिकरण का यह मत होता है कि मामले की और जांच-पहताल करवाई जानी अपेक्षित है तो मनोनीत अभिकरण सम्बन्धित संगठन अथवा कार्यालय के विभागाध्यक्ष से सरकारी तौर पर उनकी टिप्पणियां/अथवा उनके स्पष्टीकरण मांगेगा। ऐसा करते समय मनोनीत अभिकरण मुखबिर की पहचान प्रकट नहीं करेगा और सम्बन्धित संगठन के अध्यक्ष को यह भी अनुरोध करेगा कि यदि उन्हें किसी कारणवश मुखबिर की पहचान का पता चल जाता है तो वे मुखबिर की पहचान गुज रखेंगे।

- (v) सम्बन्धित संगठन का ठत्तर प्राप्त होने के बाद यदि मनोनीत अभिकरण का यह मत होता है कि अन्वेषण से पद के दुरुपयोग अथवा भ्रष्टाचार के पुख्ता आरोपों का पता चलता है तो मनोनीत अभिकरण सम्बन्धित सरकारी विभाग अथवा संगठन को ठपयुक्त कार्रवाई करने की संस्तुति करेगा। इनमें अन्य बातों के साथ-साथ निम्नलिखित शामिल होगा :--
  - (क) सम्बन्धित सरकारी कर्मचारी के विरुद्ध उपयुक्त कार्यवाहियां शुरू किया जाना।
  - (ख) भ्रष्टकृत्य अथवा पद के दुरुपयोग जैसी भी स्थिति हो, के परिणानस्वरूप सुरवार को हुई हानि की पूर्ति के लिए उपयुक्त प्रशासनिक कदम उठाना।
  - (ग) मामले के तथ्यों और परिस्थितियों को देखते हुए यदि ऐसा न्यायसंगत हो तो उपयुक्त मामलों में आपराधिक कार्यवाहियां शुरू किए जाने के बारे में उपयुक्त प्राधिकारी/अभिरूरण को सिकारिश करना।
  - (घ) भविष्य में ऐसी घटनाओं की पुनरावृत्ति रोकने के लिए सुधारात्मक उपाय किए जाने की सिफारिश करना।

5. पूर्ण जांच-पड़ताल करने अथवा सम्बन्धित संगठन से जानकारी प्राप्त करने के प्रयोजन से मनोनीत अभिकरण को प्राप्त शिकायत के अनुक्रम में जांच-पड़ताल को पूरी करने में सभी प्रकार की सहायता प्रदान करने के लिए यथावरयक समुझे जाने पर केन्द्रीय अन्वेषण ब्यूरो अथवा पुलिस अधिकारियों को सहायता देने के लिए प्राधिकृत किया जाएगा।

 यदि कोई व्यक्ति किसी कार्रवाई से इस आधार पर व्यथित होती है कि उसे इस तथ्य के आधार पर पीड़ित किया जा रहा है कि उसने शिकायत दायर की है अथवा प्रकटीकरण किया है तो वह इस मामले के निवारण की प्रार्थना करते हुए मनोनीत अभिकरण के समक्ष एक आवेदन दायर कर सकता है जो यथावश्यक उपयुक्त समझी जाने वाली कार्रवाई करेगा। मनोनीत अभिकरण सन्बन्धित सरकारी सेवक अथवा सरकारी प्राधिकारी को जैसी भी स्थिति हो, उपयुक्त निदेश दे दे। and the water of the second the second the second s

7. शिकायतकत्तां के आवेदन पर अथवा एकत्रित की गई जानकारी के आधार पर यदि/मनोनीत अभिकरण का यह मत होता है कि शिकायतकर्त्ता अथवा गवाहों को संरक्षण दिए जाने की आवश्यकता है तो मनोनीत अभिकरण सम्बन्धित सरकारी प्राधिकारियों को उपयुक्त निर्देश जारी "NI MARSHA PARA Section to Harry March 1 24. 80

8. इस कार्य में प्रयुक्त तंत्र, मौजूदा कार्य तंत्र के अतिरिक्त होगा। तथापि, यदि शिकायत इस तंत्र के अन्तर्गत प्राप्त होती है तो पहचान को गुप्त रखा जाएगा।

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9. यदि मनोनीत अभिकरण शिकायत को अभिप्रेरित आधवा कुट्टप्रद स्वरूप की याता है तो मनोनीत अभिकरण उपयुक्त कदम उठाने के लिए स्वतंत्र है।

10. मनोनीत अभिकरण निम्नलिखित स्वरूप के प्रकटीकरण पर कार्रवाई अथवा उसकी जांच-पड़ताल नहीं करेगा :---

- ऐसे किसी मामले जिसमें लोक सेवक जांच अधिनियम, 1850 के अन्तर्गत एक औपचारिक और सार्वजनिक जांच का आदेश दे दिया गया हो; अथवा
- (ख) ऐसा कोई मामला जिसे जाव आयोग अधिनियम, 1952 के तहत जाव के लिए थेजा गया है।

11. मनोतीत अभिकरण के तिदेशों के विपरीत मुखबिर की यहचान इट्याटित हो जाने पर मनोतोत अभिकरण ऐसा प्रकटीकरण करने वाले किसी व्यक्ति अथवा अभिकरण के विरुद्ध मौजूदा विनियमों के अनुसार उपयुक्त कार्रवाई शुरू फिए जाने के लिए प्राधिकृत है। 12. इस कार्य हेतु स्जित तत्र, संसद द्वारा इस विषय में कानून बनाए जाने तक लागू रहेगा।

श्रीमती मंजुलिका गौतम, अपर सचिव

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### MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS

(Department of Personnel and Training)

### RESOLUTION

### New Delhi, the 21st April, 2004

No. 371/12/2002-AVD-III.—Whereas while hearing Writ Petition (C) No. 539/2003 regarding the murder of Shri Satyendra Dubey, the Supreme Court desired that pending enactment of a suitable legislation, suitable machinery should be put in place for acting on complaints from "whistle-blowers".

And whereas the 'The Public Interest Disclosure and Protection of Informers' Bill, 2002, drafted by the Law Commission is under examination.

Now, therefore, the Central Government hereby resolves as under :

- 1 The Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) is hereby authorized, as the Designated Agency, to receive written complaints or disclosure on any allegation of corruption or of mis-use of office by any employee of the Central Government or of any corporation established by or under any Central Act, Government companies, societies or local authorities owned or controlled by the Central Government. The disclosure or complaint shall contain as full particulars as possible and shall be accompanied by supporting documents or other material.
- 2. The designateed agency may, if it deems fit call for further information or particulars from the persons making the disclosure. If the complaint is anonymous, the designated agency shall not take any action in the matter.
- 3. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Official Secrets Act, 1923, any public servant other than those referred to clauses (a) to (d) of Article 33 of the Constitution or any other person including any non-governmental organisation, may make a written disclosure to the designated agency.
- 4. If the complaint is accompanied by particulars of the person making the complaint, the designated agency shall take the following steps :
  - (i) The designated agency will ascertain from the complainant whether he was the person who made the complaint or not.
  - (ii) The identity of the complainant will not be revealed unless the complainant himself has made the details of the complaint either public or disclosed his identity to any other office or authority.
  - (iii) After concealing the identity of the complainant, the designated agency shall make, in the first instance, discreet inquiries to ascertain if there is any basis of proceeding further with the complaint. For this purpose, the designated agency shall devise an appropriate machinery.
  - (iv) Either as a reslut of the discreet inquiry, or on the basis of the complaint itself without any inquiry, if the designated agency is of the opinion that the matter requires to be investigated further, the designated agency shall officially seek comments/or explanation from the Head of the Department of the concerned organisation or office. While doing so, the designated agency shall not disclose the identity of the informant and also shall request the concerned Head of the organisation to keep the identity of the informant secret, if for any reason, the concerned Head comes to know the identity.
  - (v) After obtaining the response of the concerned organisation, if the designated agency is of the opinion that the investigations reveal either mis-use of office or substantiate allegations of corruption, the designated agency shall recommend appropriate action to the concerned Government Department or Organization. These shall, *inter alia*, include following:
    - (a) Appropriate proceedings to be initiated against the concerned Government servant.
    - (b) Appropriate administrative steps for redressing the loss caused to the Government as a result of the corrupt act or mis-use of office, as the case may be.
    - (c) Recommend to the appropriate authority/agency initiation of criminal proceedings in suitable cases, if warranted by the facts and circumstances of the case.
    - (d) Recommend taking of corrective measures to prevent recurrence of such events in future.

- 5. For the purpose of making discreet inquiry or obtaining information from the concerned organisation, the designated agency shall be authorized to call upon the CBI or the police authorities, as considered necessary, to render all assistance to complete the investigation pursuant to the complaint received.
- 6. If any person is aggrieved by any action on the ground that he is being victimized due to the fact that he had filed a complaint or disclosure, he may file an application before the designated agency seeking redress in the matter, who shall take such action, as deemed fit. The designated agency may give suitable directions to the concerned public servant or the public authority as the case may be.
- 7 Bither on the application of the complainant, or on the basis of the information gathered, if the designated agency is of the opinion that either the complainant or the witnesses need protection, the designated agency shall issue appropriate directions to the concerned Government authorities.
- 8. The machinery evolved herein shall be in addition to the existing mechanisms in place. However, secrecy of identity shall be observed, only if the complaint is received under this machinery.
- In case the designated agency finds the complaint to be motivated or vexatious, the designated agency shall be at liberty to take appropriate steps.
- 10. The designated agency shall not entertain or inquire into any disclosure :
  - (a) in respect of which a formal and public inquiry has been ordered under the Public Servants Inquiries Act, 1850; or
  - (b) in respect of a matter which has been referred for inquiry under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1952.
- 11. In the event of the identity of the informant being disclosed in spite of the designated agency's directions to the contrary, the designated agency is authorized to initiate appropriate action as per extant regulations against the person or agency making such disclosure.

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12. The machinery created herein shall operate till Parliament passes a law on the subject.

SMT. MANJULIKA GAUTAM, Addl. Scoy.

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कार्मिक, लोक-शिकायत तथा पेंशन मंत्रालय

(कार्मिक और प्रशिक्षण विभाग)

### राद्मिपत्र

नई दिल्ली, 29 अप्रैल, 2004

सं. 371/12/2002-ए.वी.डी.-III.— भारत के असाधारण राजपत्र भाग-I, खण्ड 1 में दिनांक 21 अप्रैल, 2004 को प्रकाशित भारत सरकार के संकल्प संख्या 89 का आंशिक संशोधन करते हुए, उक्त संकल्प के प्रारंभिक पैरा तथा पैरा-2 में निम्नलिखित संशोधन किए जाते हैं :

(i) संकल्प के प्रारंभिक पैरा को निम्न प्रकार से प्रतिस्थापित किया जाता है :

-33004/99

''जबकि त्री सत्येन्द्र दुबे की हत्या के सम्बन्ध में रिट याचिका (सी.) संख्या 539/2003 की सुनपाई करते समय, 'पर्दाफाशों या भण्डाफोडों (विसल ब्लोअर्स)' से प्राप्त शिकायतों पर कार्रवाई किए जाने के लिए उपयुक्त तंत्र का प्रश्न उठा''।

(ii) संकल्प के अंग्रेजी पाठ के पैरा 2 में शब्द 'designateed' (डेजिगनेटीड) को शब्द 'designated' (डेजिगनेटिड) से प्रतिस्थापित किया जाता है।

श्रीमती मंजुलिका गौतम, अपर सचिव

# MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS

(Department of Personnel and Training) CORRIGENDUM

### New Delhi, the 29th April, 2004

No. 371/12/2002-AVD.III.—In partial modification of the Government of India's Resolution No. 89, published in the Gazette of India Part I Section 1, Extraordinary dated 21st April, 2004, the following modifications are made in the opening para and para-2 of the said Resolution :

(1) The opening para of the Resolution is substituted as :

"Whereas while hearing Writ Petition (C) No. 539/2003 regarding the murder of Shri Satyendra Dubey, the question of a suitable machinery for acting on complaints from 'whistle-blowers' arose."

(ii) In para 2 the word "designateed" is substituted as "designated".

Smt. MANJULIKA GAUTAM, Addl. Secy.

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## **Public Notices**

# **GOI Resolution on Public Interest Disclosure and Protection of Informer**

The Government of India has authorized the Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) as the 'Designated Agency' to receive written complaints for disclosure on any allegation of corruption or misuse of office and recommend appropriate action.

2. The jurisdiction of the Commission in this regard would be restricted to any employee of the Central Government or of any corporation established by or under any Central Act, government companies, societies or local authorities owned or controlled by the Central Government. Personnel employed by the State Governments and activities of the State Governments or its Corporations etc. will not come under the purview of the Commission.

3. In this regard, the Commission, which will accept such complaints, has the responsibility of keeping the identity of the complainant secret. Hence, it is informed to the general public that any complaint, which is to be made under this resolution should comply with the following aspects.

- i) The complaint should be in a **closed / secured envelope**.
- ii) The envelope should be addressed to Secretary, Central Vigilance Commission and should be **superscribed "Complaint under The Public Interest Disclosure"**. If the envelope is not superscribed and closed, it will not be possible for the Commission to protect the complainant under the above resolution and the complaint will be dealt with as per the normal complaint policy of the Commission. The complainant should give his/her name and address in the beginning or end of complaint or in an attached letter.
- iii) Commission will **not entertain anonymous/pseudonymous** complaints.
- iv) The text of the complaint should be carefully drafted so as **not to give any details or clue as to his/her identity**. However, the details of the complaint should be specific and verifiable.
- v) In order to protect identity of the person, the Commission will not issue any acknowledgement and the whistle-blowers are **advised not to enter into any further correspondence** with the Commission in their own interest. The Commission assures that, subject to the facts of the case being verifiable, it will take the necessary action, as provided under the Government of India Resolution mentioned above. If any further clarification is required, the Commission will get in touch with the complainant.

# 4. The Commission can also take **action against complainants making motivated/vexatious complaints** under this Resolution.

5. A copy of detailed notification is available on the web-site of the Commission **http://www.cvc.nic.in**.

# Issued in Public Interest by the Central Vigilance Commission, INA, Satarkta Bhawan, New Delhi.

Sd/-Secretary Central Vigilance Commission रजिस्ट्री सं० डी० एल०-33004/99



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कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत तथा पेंशन मंत्रालय

(कार्मिक और प्रशिक्षण विभाग)

### संकल्प

### नई दिल्ली, 14 अगस्त, 2013

सं. 371/4/2013/एवीडी-III.— भारत के असाधारण राजपत्र, भाग I, खण्ड 1 में प्रकाशित लोकहित प्रकटन तथा मुखबिरों की सुरक्षा के अंतर्गत शिकायत प्रबंधन हेतु केन्द्रीय संतर्कता आयोग (सीवीसी) को मनोनीत अभिकरण के रूप में प्राधिकृत करने वाले, इस मंत्रालय के संकल्प संख्या 371/12/2002/एवीडी-III दिनांक 21 अप्रैल, 2004 में निम्नलिखित संशोधन किए जाते हैं, अर्थातु:—

उक्त संकल्प में,----

- (i) पैरा 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 एवं 11 शब्द "मनोनीत अभिकरण" जहां कहीं भी प्रयोग में आए हों, को क्रमश: "मनोनीत अभिकरण अथवा मनोनीत प्राधिकरण" शब्दों से प्रतिस्थापित किया जाएगा;
- (ii) पैरा 1 में शब्द "प्रकटीकरण अथवा शिकायत में यथासंभव सभी विवरण होंगे और इसमें समर्थक दस्तावेज अथवा अन्य सामग्री शामिल होगी" का लोप किया जाएगा;
- (iii) पैरा 1 के बाद निम्नलिखित पैरा जोड़े जाएंगे, अर्थातु:---

"।क. भारत सरकार के मंत्रालय अथवा विभागों के मुख्य सतर्कता अधिकारियों को, उस मंत्रालय या विभाग, किसी केन्द्रीय अधिनियम के द्वारा या इसके अंतर्गत स्थापित किसी निगम अथवा केन्द्र सरकार के स्वामित्व या नियंत्रणाधीन सरकारी कंपनियों, संस्थाओं अथवा स्थानीय प्राधिकरणों जो उस मंत्रालय या विभाग के आधकार क्षेत्र में आते हों, के किसी कर्मचारी पर अष्टाचार अथवा पद के दुरुपयोग के किसी आरोप के संबंध में लिखित शिकायत या प्रकटन संबंधी शिकायत प्राप्त करने के लिए मनोनीत प्राधिकारी के रूप में भी प्राधिकृत किया गया है ।

1ख : प्रकटन या शिकायत में जितना संभव हो सम्पूर्ण विवरण समाहित होगा एवं इसके साथ समर्थित दस्तावेज या अन्य सामग्री होगी ।"

(iv) पैरा 7 के बाद, निम्नलिखित पैरा जोड़ा जाएगा, अर्थातु:---

"7क. या तो शिकायतकर्ता के आवेदन पर या संग्रहित सूचना के आधार पर, यदि मनोनीत प्राधिकारी का मत हो कि शिकायतकर्ता या गवाह को संरक्षण की आवश्यकता है तो मनोनीत प्राधिकारी, संबंधित सरकारी प्राधिकारियों को समुचित दिशानिर्देश जारी करने के लिए इस मामले को केन्द्रीय सतर्कता आयोग के साथ उठाएगा।"

(v) पैरा 11 के बाद, निम्नलिखित पैरा जोड़ा जाएगा, अर्थातु:—

"11क. केन्द्रीय सतर्कता आयोग (सीवीसी) मनोनीत प्राधिकारी को प्राप्त शिकायतों का पर्यवेक्षण एवं निगरानी करेगा ।"

दीप्ति उमाशंकर, संयुक्त सचिव

### MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS

### (Department of Personnel and Training)

### RESOLUTION

#### New Delhi, the 14th August, 2013.

No.371/4/2013-AVD-III – In this Ministry's Resolution No.371/12/2002-AVD-III dated 21st April, 2004, published in the Gazette of India. Extraordinary, Part I, Section 1, authorising the Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) as the Designated Agency for handling of complaints under the Public Interest Disclosure and Protection of Informers, the following amendments are hereby made, namely:-

In the said Resolution,-

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- (i) in paragraphs 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11, for the words "the designated agency" wherever they occur, the words "the designated agency or the designated authority" shall respectively be substituted;
- (ii) in paragraph 1, the words "The disclosure or complaint shall contain as full particulars as possible and shall be accompanied by supporting documents or other material." shall be omitted;
- (iii) after paragraph 1, the following paragraphs shall be inserted, namely:-

"1A. The Chief Vigilance Officers of the Ministries or Departments of the Government of India are also authorised as the designated authority to receive written complaint or disclosure on any allegation of corruption or misuse of office by any employee of that Ministry or Department or of any corporation established by or under any Central Act, Government companies, societies or local authorities owned or controlled by the Central Government and falling under the jurisdiction of that Ministry or the Department.

IB. The disclosure or complaint shall contain as full particulars as possible and shall be accompanied by supporting documents or other materials.":

(iv) after paragraph 7, the following paragraph shall be inserted, namely:-

"7A. Either on the application of the complainant, or on the basis of the information gathered, if the designated authority is of the opinion that either the complainant or the witnesses need protection, the designated authority, shall take up the matter with the Central Vigilance Commission, for issuing appropriate directions to the Government authorities concerned.";

(v) after paragraph 11, the following paragraph shall be inserted, namely:-

"11A The Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) shall supervise and monitor the complaints received by the designated authority.".

#### DEEPTI UMASHANKAR, Jt. Secy.